

Civics and Ethical Education, 2009 EC, entrance exam

Grade 12 · Citizenship Education · 2009 E.C.

MARKING KEY — CONFIDENTIAL

Time allowed: 120 minutes

Questions: 77

Total marks: 77

1. Which of the following is a basic characteristic of a limited government? (1)
- A. The government limits the power of the people.
 - B. ✓ **The state structure institutes checks and balance.**
 - C. The president can exercise arbitrary authority.
 - D. The parliament will monopolize state authority.

Answer: B

A limited government is constrained by constitutional principles such as the separation of powers and a system of checks and balances to prevent the abuse of power.

2. What is the best mechanism to develop the habit of saving? (1)
- A. consume one's income at once
 - B. Maximization extravagant purchase.
 - C. ✓ **Limit interest to one's income.**
 - D. Spend more money than one earns.

Answer: C

Developing a habit of saving requires living within one's means by limiting one's spending and desires to the available income, rather than overspending.

3. Which of the following is correct about the Ethiopian constitution and other laws? (1)
- A. Ordinary laws have equal authority to the constitution.
 - B. Both of them follow similar.
 - C. The constitution is the will of the people's representatives.
 - D. ✓ **The constitution formulates general principles and policies.**

Answer: D

A constitution is the supreme law that outlines fundamental principles, structure of government, and broad policies, while ordinary laws provide specific and detailed rules.

4. Which of the following is essential in fulfilling ones duties? (1)
- A. Avoiding responsibility for fear of failure.
 - B. Evading sacrifice for the collective good.
 - C. ✓ **Readiness to die in defense of one's country.**
 - D. Strength to give priority to ones self- interest.

Answer: C

Defending one's country and readiness to make sacrifices for national sovereignty are fundamental civic duties of citizens.

5. The right not to be discriminated because of one's age, race, sex, ability , political view or any other status is termed as, (1)
- A. Unity
B. freedom
C. diversity
D. ✓ **equality**

Answer: D

Equality entails that all persons are entitled to equal protection without any discrimination based on race, sex, age, ability, or other status.

6. The right to liberty is an example of (1)
- A. ✓ **Human rights**
B. Political rights
C. economic rights
D. democratic rights

Answer: A

In the FDRE Constitution (Articles 14 and 17), the right to liberty is classified under Part One of Chapter Three as a fundamental human right.

7. Which of the following is a democratic right? (1)
- A. The right of a person accused.
B. The right of person arrested.
C. ✓ **The right to elect and be elected.**
D. The right to the security of a person.

Answer: C

Under the FDRE Constitution, the right to vote and be elected (Article 38) is categorized as a democratic right, while the rights of arrested and accused persons are categorized as human rights.

8. According to FDRE constitution, regional states. (1)
- A. Have the power to sign international treaties.
B. Recruit and manage their own defense force.
C. ✓ **Have their own respective flag and constitution.**
D. Have the power to construct inter-country Railways.

Answer: C

Under Article 52 of the FDRE Constitution, regional states have the power to adopt their own state constitution, state flag, and emblem, while defense and foreign treaties fall under federal jurisdiction.

9. Which of the following means of managing conflicts require filling cases in the court of law? (1)
- A. Negotiation
B. Arbitration
C. meditation
D. ✓ **litigation**

Answer: D

Litigation is the formal process of resolving disputes through lawsuits filed in a court of law, unlike alternative dispute resolution mechanisms like negotiation or mediation.

10. There are associations that embrace a group of people who devote their free time to help others without making profit and getting monetary compensation. What do we call them? (1)
- A. Charity organizations
B. Development agencies
C. ✓ **voluntary organizations.**
D. humanitarian institutions.

Answer: C

Voluntary organizations are groups formed by individuals who contribute their time, skills, and resources freely without financial compensation to serve public interests.

11. Which of the following is true about voluntary organizations? (1)
- A. ✓ **They are organized by a group of persons having common interest.**
 - B. They are established through the initiatives of government agencies.
 - C. They do not receive funds from donor agencies to run their activities.
 - D. They generate a moderate amount of profit from the services they provide.

Answer: A

Voluntary organizations are non-profit and non-governmental bodies established freely by groups of individuals who share common goals or interests.

12. Which of the following is an international organization that gives loans and grants to national governments? (1)
- A. World trade organization.
 - B. ✓ **International monetary Fund.**
 - C. United Nations Security Council.
 - D. International Labor Organization.

Answer: B

The International Monetary Fund (IMF), along with the World Bank, provides financial loans and support to governments to maintain financial stability and promote economic development.

13. Which one of the following traits put risk the proper functioning of the judiciary system of a nation? (1)
- A. Independence of judiciary.
 - B. Non -partisanship of judiciary.
 - C. ✓ **Stereotype in the judiciary.**
 - D. Objective in the judiciary.

Answer: C

Stereotyping introduces prejudice and bias into judicial decisions, violating the core principle of impartiality and compromising the fair delivery of justice.

14. Which of the following is correct match regarding attributes of self-reliance? (1)
- A. Self-confidence ----- a drive to satisfy one?s own needs by claiming bigger share from available resources.
 - B. ✓ **Self-awareness ---- a moderate view towards one?s strengths and weakness that promotes knowledge of the true self.**
 - C. Assertiveness ---.. And aggressive behavior through which one express presence, confidence and power to secure recognition.
 - D. Independence ---. A free and prosperous life achieved through disconnecting oneself from social bond that can result in helping others.

Answer: B

Self-awareness is correctly defined as having realistic knowledge of one's own strengths and limitations, which forms a vital foundation for self-reliance.

15. One of the following personal practices contribute for improving the habit of saving. Which one is it? (1)
- A. Engaging in impulsive purchase if it is within one?s own means.
 - B. Purchasing low const and low quality foods and service for personal use.
 - C. Avoiding spending on some of the basic needs which do not have immediate lethal consequence.
 - D. ✓ **Avoiding extravagancy and spending one?s income on goods and service which are really necessary.**

Answer: D

A sustainable saving culture involves planning expenses wisely, avoiding extravagant spending, and prioritizing actual necessities over impulse buys.

16. Which of the following is correct match about ways of running democratic system and example of countries that implement the specified system? (1)
- A. ✓ **Hybrid democracy** ----- **France.**
 - B. Presidential democracy ----- Britain.
 - C. Parliamentary Democracy ----- USA.
 - D. Triangular democracy ----- USA.

Answer: A

France operates under a semi-presidential or hybrid democratic system that combines elements of both presidential and parliamentary systems.

17. The principle of the due process of law that provides for the accused persons a right to petition to the court to order their physical release where the arresting law enforcer fails to bring them before a court within the prescribed time is: (1)
- A. Right to appeal.
 - B. ✓ **Habeas corpus.**
 - C. presumption of innocence.
 - D. protection against double jeopardy.

Answer: B

Habeas corpus is a legal instrument protecting against unlawful detention by allowing a detainee to petition a court to order their physical release if held without lawful charge within the prescribed legal time.

18. A policy designed to remedy past discrimination against women , the disabled and minorities is termed as: (1)
- A. Civil right movement.
 - B. Reverse discrimination.
 - C. ✓ **Affirmative action.**
 - D. Zero tolerance.

Answer: C

Affirmative action consists of targeted policies and measures aimed at remedying the effects of historical discrimination against marginalized groups such as women, minorities, and people with disabilities.

19. Which one of the following is the famous leader of civil rights movement in the USA in 1950?s and 1960?s? (1)
- A. Rose Parks.
 - B. ✓ **Martine Luther King Junior.**
 - C. John F. Kennedy.
 - D. Charlotte Gilman.

Answer: B

Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. was the preeminent leader and spokesperson of the American civil rights movement during the 1950s and 1960s.

20. The separation of state and religion makes the Ethiopian state a, (1)
- A. Federal state
 - B. Democratic state
 - C. republican state
 - D. ✓ **secular state**

Answer: D

Secularism is the principle of separation between state and religion, as enshrined in Article 11 of the FDRE Constitution.

21. Which of the following is required for fair working of the court? (1)
- A. Prejudice
 - B. ✓ **Objectivity**
 - C. partisanship
 - D. stereotype

Answer: B

Judicial fairness requires objectivity and impartiality, free from prejudice, stereotypes, or partisanship.

22. Which of the following helps us to distinguish true history from a distorted one? Reading, (1)
- A. ✓ **Historical accounts by different writers.**
 - B. Material based on historical fabrications.
 - C. Books that ends to exaggerate facts.
 - D. Piece that ends to exaggerate facts.

Answer: A

Reading diverse accounts by different writers allows cross-referencing and critical evaluation to separate historical facts from distortion and fabrication.

23. Which of the following is amoral obligation? (1)
- A. Sitting in a bus while visually ? impaired persons are standing.
 - B. Failure to learn the norms of a new society one begins to live in.
 - C. Treatment of small groups of people as inferior to another group.
 - D. ✓ **Readiness to support elderly people in the community voluntarily.**

Answer: D

"A moral obligation" (printed as 'amoral obligation') refers to duty guided by ethics; voluntarily helping the elderly is an exemplary moral duty.

24. Responsibility for protection of the environment includes. (1)
- A. Elimination of dangerous wild animals like hyena.
 - B. Replacement of old monuments by a new one.
 - C. ✓ **Reservation of cultural heritages for eco-tourism.**
 - D. Clearance of the forest for large scale urbanization.

Answer: C

Protecting and reserving natural and cultural sites for sustainable eco-tourism is an integral part of environmental conservation, unlike deforestation or eradicating wildlife.

25. Which one of the following is among the many benefits of self-awareness? (1)
- A. Reading to be influence by others.
 - B. ✓ **Recognition of strengths and weakness.**
 - C. Ability to develop a superiority
 - D. Given excuse to noticeable weakness.

Answer: B

Self-awareness is the realistic understanding of one's own character, including strengths and limitations, which aids personal development.

26. Which one of the following best explanation new thinking in saving? (1)
- A. Sending money on expensive imported products.
 - B. Wastage of inputs to reduce cost of production.
 - C. Avoidance of cheap locally manufactured goods.
 - D. ✓ **Feeling proud of buying locally produced items.**

Answer: D

In civic education, modern thinking on saving emphasizes buying local products to conserve personal funds and national foreign exchange reserves.

27. Which one of the following is correct about civic participation? (1)

- A. Compulsory activity to all citizens.
- B. Performed outside of the constitution.
- C. Done to attain specific political objectives.
- D. ✓ **Essential to enhance social development.**

Answer: D

Civic participation is voluntary engagement by citizens that is essential to advance community welfare and overall social development.

28. Which one of the following is correct about power and authority of government? (1)

- A. Legitimate at government lack moral authority.
- B. ✓ **Illegitimate governments can have constitution.**
- C. Legitimate governments treat the people as subject.
- D. Illegitimate governments respect rule of law.

Answer: B

Illegitimate or authoritarian regimes often adopt written constitutions on paper to give an appearance of legality, even though they lack genuine constitutionalism.

29. Which one of the following is correct about external relations of countries? (1)

- A. Foreign relations between countries started in the 19th century.
- B. ✓ **Diplomatic mission is the instrument to execute foreign policy**
- C. Non-governmental organizations play no role in foreign policy.
- D. External relations are conducted on the basis of liberty.

Answer: B

Diplomatic missions (embassies and consulates) serve as the primary institutional instruments through which a country conducts its diplomacy and executes its foreign policy.

30. Which of the following is correct about affirmative action? It , (1)

- A. Aims at making women economically dominant.
- B. ✓ **May lead to the occurrence of reverse discrimination.**
- C. Is practiced in underdeveloped third world nations.
- D. Punishes men for committing injustice against women.

Answer: B

A common critique and potential side-effect of affirmative action discussed in civics is 'reverse discrimination,' where members of a historically non-discriminated group may feel disadvantaged by preferential policies.

31. To bring mutual benefits for Ethiopia ,Egypt and Sudan concerning the Nile, (1)

- A. The colonial agreements should be kept intact.
- B. Ethiopia should strive to stop the flow of Nile.
- C. ✓ **Egypt should help afforestation in Ethiopia.**
- D. Sudan should follow the decision of Egypt.

Answer: C

Cooperation through afforestation and watershed management in the Ethiopian highlands directly benefits downstream countries like Egypt and Sudan by reducing soil erosion, siltation of dams, and flooding.

32. Which of the following is correct about the media in a democratic system?

(1)

- A. ✓ **Media plays a role escalating or deescalating conflict and war.**
- B. Freedom of the press practically means writing what one please.
- C. Writing to damage the reputation or honor of individuals is legal.
- D. Legal limitation are clearly laid to protect the invest of the youth.

Answer: A

The mass media has a dual capacity in democratic societies: it can promote dialogue and peace to de-escalate conflicts, or spread propaganda and hate speech that escalate them.

33. Which of the following is countries is a good example of a constitutional monarchy and parliamentary democracy?

(1)

- A. ✓ **The United Kingdom.**
- B. The Republic of China.
- C. The Republic of Sudan.
- D. The United States of America.

Answer: A

The United Kingdom is a classic model of a constitutional monarchy (where the monarch serves as the ceremonial head of state) combined with a parliamentary democracy (where the executive is drawn from and accountable to parliament).

34. Which of the following is correct about the federal system in Ethiopia?

(1)

- A. ✓ **The federal government develops power to regional states.**
- B. The federal and all regional states have a bicameral parliamentary system,
- C. The federal government has the power to develop policies for regional states.
- D. Regional states have supreme power on all matters in their respective regions.

Answer: A

The Ethiopian federal arrangement is based on the devolution of power from the central authority to regional states ('develops' is a typographical error for 'devolves'). Regional councils are unicameral, and their powers do not extend to exclusive federal matters.

35. The United States of America follows the system of presidential democracy. Which of the following is among the powers of the president of the United States? (1)

- A. Formulating and approving laws.
- B. Approving the nomination of judges.
- C. ✓ **Setting annual government budget.**
- D. Interpretation constitutional and ordinary laws.

Answer: C

36. Representation in the house of the federation is mainly determined by the?

(1)

- A. ✓ **Population number of each ethnic group.**
- B. Historical background of every ethnic group.
- C. Geographical extent of each regional state.
- D. Armed struggle carried out by ethnic groups.

Answer: A

According to Article 61 of the FDRE Constitution, each Nation, Nationality, and People is guaranteed at least one representative in the House of the Federation, plus one additional representative for every one million of its population.

37. Which of the following is the best way of fighting against corruption? (1)
- A. Leaving the issue to government bodies such as the ethics and Anti-corruption commission.
 - B. **Mobilizing the public and other stakeholders to have active and full participation in combating corruption.** ✓
 - C. Fighting corruption particularly focusing on low and middle levels of government bureaucracy.
 - D. Waiting for more legal provisions and government instructions to launch an anti-corruption campaign.

Answer: B

Combating corruption effectively requires active public participation and multi-stakeholder collaboration rather than leaving it solely to government bodies or limited bureaucratic levels.

38. "Protection against double jeopardy "is one of the principles of due process of law. Which of the following is the purpose of this principle? (1)
- A. Ensuring equal accessibility of court to defendants from different religious and racial background.
 - B. Upholding the right of an accused person to quick public trial under normal circumstances.
 - C. Protecting the right of the defendant to be represented by a council having legal knowledge.
 - D. **Safeguarding an accused person from being charged and convicted again for the same criminal offence.** ✓

Answer: D

The constitutional principle against double jeopardy prevents an individual from being prosecuted or punished more than once for the same criminal offense.

39. The FDRE constitution recognizes the existence of formal courts, traditional courts and religious courts. Which of the following is true about the rights of traditional courts according to the FDRE constitution? (1)
- A. Resolving homicide cases.
 - B. Hearing criminal offence cases.
 - C. **Setting family and marriage cases.** ✓
 - D. Addressing sexual violence areas.

Answer: C

Under the FDRE Constitution (Articles 34(5) and 78(5)), religious and customary/traditional courts are only recognized to adjudicate personal and family law disputes with the consent of the parties.

40. Which of the following is the best of addressing the equality of disabled groups? (1)
- A. Gathering disabled people around churches and mosques so that they could get aims.
 - B. **Enhancing the awareness of community members to gives especial attention to disabled groups.** ✓
 - C. Giving continuous financial support to the disabled as they cannot be involved in productive activities.
 - D. Constructing separate camps for the disabled so that they could lead their lives in solution.

Answer: B

Promoting equality for persons with disabilities involves raising public awareness to ensure inclusive social environments and affirmative support, rather than segregation or reliance on alms.

41. Which of the following is true about the justice system in the current Ethiopia? (1)
- A. The prime minister has the power to appoint judges to the federal courts.
 - B. **The house of people's representatives appoints the judges to the federal courts.** ✓
 - C. The FDRE president has the power to recommend judges to the Federal courts.
 - D. The prime minister is not involved in nominating judges to the federal courts.

Answer: B

Under Article 81 of the FDRE Constitution, the House of Peoples' Representatives has the ultimate constitutional authority to appoint federal judges upon recommendations submitted by the Prime Minister.

42. Each profession has its own code of ethics. Which of the following contradicts the code of ethics in the teaching profession? (1)
- A. Foresting civic virtues such as integrity and respect for the law.
 - B. Presenting facts without distortion, personal bias and prejudice.
 - C. ✓ **Unfairness in assessing students' performance.**
 - D. Addressing student problems based on school policies and regulations.

Answer: C

Professional ethics in teaching require fairness, objectivity, and impartiality; unfairness in assessing student performance directly violates this code.

43. Which of the following contradicts the genuine way getting job satisfaction? (1)
- A. The persons' curiosity and enthusiasm in the work.
 - B. Suitable working environment and good spirit.
 - C. ✓ **Using public resources to accumulate personal asset.**
 - D. Financial rewards, promotion and career development.

Answer: C

Using public resources to enrich oneself is corrupt and illegal, contradicting the ethical and genuine sources of job satisfaction.

44. Which of the following is less important factor for the development of a country? (1)
- A. Good policies and strategies.
 - B. Technological advancement.
 - C. Hard working and skilled citizens.
 - D. ✓ **The territorial extent of the country.**

Answer: D

A large geographic size is not a prerequisite for development, as demonstrated by small but prosperous nations; human capital, sound policies, and technology are far more decisive.

45. Which of the following is among the attributes of self-reliant persons? (1)
- A. They do not receive support from their friends and relatives.
 - B. They have all kinds of abilities and skill to achieve their goals.
 - C. They share many characteristics of passive and isolated persons.
 - D. ✓ **They have determination to earn their living from their own effort.**

Answer: D

Self-reliance is characterized by the determination and capacity of individuals to support themselves through their own efforts rather than being dependent on external charity.

46. Which of the following is correct about self-reliance? (1)
- A. Self-awareness and passive behavior are important to become self-reliance.
 - B. Manifesting an aggressive behavior is important to become a self-reliant person.
 - C. ✓ **Self-confidence and assertiveness are among the attributes of a self-reliant person.**
 - D. Self-reliant persons have a tendency of invading the personal boundaries of others.

Answer: C

Self-reliance is characterized by self-confidence, autonomy, and assertiveness rather than passivity, aggression, or violating others' boundaries.

47. Which of the following is the best approach to use our money wisely in the process of purchasing goods? (1)
- A. Concentrating on high quality goods imported from Europe.
 - B. ✓ **Considering our budget the quality and price of the goods.**
 - C. Choosing cheap imported goods regardless of their quality.
 - D. Choosing high quality and fashionable goods as much as we can.

Answer: B

Smart consumer decision-making involves balancing one's available budget with the quality, utility, and price of the products being purchased.

48. Which of the following leadership styles is important to enhance active community participation? (1)
- A. Using threats and coercive methods to get things done.
 - B. ✓ **Inspiring and motivating others to work for the common good.**
 - C. Making followers free to act according to their wishes and interests.
 - D. Imposing a lot of responsibilities and workloads on certain individuals.

Answer: B

Democratic and transformational leaders encourage active citizen engagement by inspiring, motivating, and mobilizing community members to pursue the common good.

49. Which of the following experience is the best example of regional constitutions in FDRE in meeting the specific circumstances of their own regions? (1)
- A. The establishment of Dire Dawa as city Administration council.
 - B. The council of elders established by the Somali national regional state constitution.
 - C. ✓ **The formation of council of nations, nationalities and peoples by the SNNPRS constitution.**
 - D. The formation of sub-city administration structure by the Addis Ababa regional state constitution.

Answer: C

The SNNPRS constitution created the unique 'Council of Nationalities' specifically to address and accommodate the region's exceptional ethnic diversity.

50. Which one of the following is correct about courts of justice in Ethiopia? (1)
- A. They are law making organs of government.
 - B. They are the only place where disagreements among people can be presented and resolved.
 - C. The FDRE constitution provides that members of house of peoples Representatives cannot be judge in the courts.
 - D. ✓ **The FDRE constitution provides that courts of any level shall be free from any interference of any government body.**

Answer: D

Article 79(2) of the FDRE Constitution explicitly guarantees judicial independence by establishing that courts at all levels are free from interference by any governmental body or official.

51. Which one of the following statement best characterize traditional patriotism? (1)
- A. Respecting and defending the national constitution.
 - B. Promoting the development of democracy in one's society.
 - C. ✓ **Love and sacrifice for the territorial integrity of one's country.**
 - D. Contributing what is expected and possible for the public interest.

Answer: C

Traditional patriotism primarily emphasizes defending national sovereignty, territorial integrity, and borders against external threats, whereas modern/constitutional patriotism focuses on human rights and democratic values.

52. Which of the following can be the most preferred national policy option for countries like Ethiopia to minimize the negative effect of dependency on developed nations. (1)
- A. Forcibly taking over foreign ? owned companies by the state.
 - B. Pursuing a policy of zero national debt payable to developed countries and international financing organization.
 - C. ✓ **Promoting growth and competence of domestic manufacturing industries through various incentive and subsidies.**
 - D. Levying heavy tax on all goods imported from countries which are not purchasing proportional amount of export goods.

Answer: C

Building a self-reliant economy to reduce external dependency is best achieved by supporting and incentivizing local manufacturing and value-addition industries.

53. Which of the following is important characteristics for effective civic participation? (1)
- A. ✓ **Commitment and dedication.**
 - B. Competition and profit orientation.
 - C. Focus on individual talent and competence.
 - D. Home base political organization and political agenda.

Answer: A

Commitment and dedication to public welfare are core civic virtues that ensure meaningful and sustained civic participation.

54. Which of the following is correct about federalism? (1)
- A. ✓ **Federalism is a form of government with dual polity or two tier government system.**
 - B. In federalism the powers given to the federal governments are more prestigious than for the federal units.
 - C. In federalism final and binding decisions in all matters of the people can be made by the federal state.
 - D. Federalism as a form of government commonly experienced a tendency towards separation than harmony.

Answer: A

Federalism is structurally defined as a dual polity system with two tiers of government (the central/federal level and the regional/state level), each having constitutionally defined spheres of authority.

55. Which of the following is most appropriate reason that demands promoting international cooperation and understanding currently? (1)

- A. The ownership of nuclear arsenal by many less responsible countries of the world.
- B. The increasing strength and dominance of UN as compared to its member states sovereignty.
- C. ✓ **The threats posed by environmental crises and the need for global concentrated interventions.**
- D. Lack of professional and capable national military force in many of the developing countries of the world to keep peace.

Answer: C

Global environmental problems such as climate change and pollution cannot be resolved by individual nations acting alone, thereby necessitating concerted international cooperation and action.

56. Which of the following is different from others? (1)

- A. Alfred the Great
- B. Abraham Lincoln
- C. Otto Von Bismarck
- D. ✓ **Alexander Graham Bell**

Answer: D

Alexander Graham Bell was an inventor and scientist, whereas Alfred the Great, Abraham Lincoln, and Otto von Bismarck were prominent political leaders and statesmen.

57. In democratic societies, respect for the rights of the minorities can be guaranteed best by: (1)

- A. The good will of the majority groups.
- B. ✓ **The constitution and institutions of the country.**
- C. Parties that are established by the minority groups.
- D. The influence of international human rights groups.

Answer: B

In constitutional democracies, minority rights are best safeguarded through institutional mechanisms and constitutional provisions that establish the rule of law and prevent the tyranny of the majority.

58. Which of the following is correct about the federal and Regional Constitution of Ethiopia? (1)

- A. Both the federal and regional constitutions are the same.
- B. The regional constitutions in general are same in content.
- C. The Federal Constitution does not work in all of Regions.
- D. ✓ **The Federal and the Regional Constitutions promote Democracy.**

Answer: D

Both the FDRE Constitution and the regional state constitutions are established on democratic principles, recognizing human and democratic rights and popular sovereignty.

59. A major consequence of dependency of poor nations on outside support is the (1)

- A. Opportunity to export manufactured goods.
- B. ✓ **Limitation of self-sustained economic growth.**
- C. Promotion of traditional and domestic industry.
- D. Reduction in the importation of luxury items.

Answer: B

Excessive reliance on foreign aid and external support undermines local initiative, discourages domestic production, and restricts the capacity for self-sustained economic growth.

60. The author of the declaration of independence of USA was, (1)
- A. Abraham Lincoln
 - B. Franklin Roosevelt
 - C. George Washington
 - D. ✓ **Thomas Jefferson**

Answer: D

Thomas Jefferson was the principal author of the United States Declaration of Independence, adopted by the Continental Congress in 1776.

61. According to the 1995 constitution the foreign policy objectives of Ethiopia include, (1)
- A. Unilateral utilization of cross- Border Rivers of Ethiopia.
 - B. Economic diplomacy to discourage foreign investment.
 - C. ✓ **Non ?interference in the internal affairs of other states.**
 - D. Attainment of economic dominance on neighborly states.

Answer: C

Article 86, sub-article 3 of the 1995 FDRE Constitution explicitly states that Ethiopia's foreign relations are based on non-interference in the internal affairs of other states.

62. The tendency of considering the culture of other people inferior is known as, (1)
- A. Cultural Relativism
 - B. ✓ **Ethno ?centrism**
 - C. Afro- centrism
 - D. cultural Activism

Answer: B

Ethnocentrism is the practice of evaluating other cultures according to the preconceptions of one's own culture, typically regarding other cultures as inferior.

63. From African historical perspective ,Ethiopia is the only country to, (1)
- A. ✓ **Successfully repulse a Europe colonial power.**
 - B. Represent the continent in the League of Nations.
 - C. Participation in the establishment of United Nations.
 - D. House divers ethnic and religious communities.

Answer: A

Ethiopia defeated the Italian colonial army at the Battle of Adwa in 1896, making it the only African nation to successfully repulse a European colonial power and maintain independence.

64. The feminist charlotte Gilman argued that. (1)
- A. Sexism helps women to be economically independent citizens.
 - B. Women are more productive in regarding children at home.
 - C. ✓ **Children should go to day- care centers for mothers to work.**
 - D. Financial dependence of women, men is a natural phenomenon.

Answer: C

In her work 'Women and Economics', Charlotte Perkins Gilman advocated for the professionalization of childcare and collective nurseries so that women could attain economic independence through wage labor.

65. To promote public participation good leaders need to have personal qualities being? (1)
- A. Domineering
 - B. Aggressive
 - C. ✓ **engaging**
 - D. rigid

Answer: C

An engaging leader listens to the public, inspires trust, and invites collaboration, which directly fosters and promotes active civic participation.

66. Ethiopia is multi- ethnic and multi- cultural country. The FDRE constitution upholds the equality of all nations, nationalities and peoples living in the country. Which of the following is the best manifestation of this equality? (1)
- A. Nations, nationalities and peoples of Ethiopia have equal number of representatives in the House of peoples Representatives.
 - B. ✓ **Nations, nationalities and peoples have constitutional rights to protect, advance and promote their culture.**
 - C. Nations, nationalities and peoples have an equal number of representatives in the house of the federation.
 - D. Nations, nationalities and peoples are responsible to use Amharic as a language of schools, courts and public offices.

Answer: B

Under Article 39(2) of the FDRE Constitution, every nation, nationality, and people has the right to develop its language, promote its culture, and preserve its history, which directly manifests the constitutional equality of all groups.

67. Ethiopia is one of the African countries that achieved some of the millennium development Goal, what was the area of Ethiopia's achievement? (1)
- A. ✓ **Reducing child mortality and improving material health.**
 - B. Eradicating poverty and hunger from urban and rural areas.
 - C. Making cities and human settlements inclusive, safe and sustainable.
 - D. Achieving gender equality and empowerment of all women and girls.

Answer: A

Ethiopia notably met Millennium Development Goal 4 (reducing child mortality) several years ahead of the 2015 deadline and made major progress in improving maternal health.

68. Which of the following statements is true about peer influence? (1)
- A. Peer influence always has negative pressure that push individuals to start bad habits.
 - B. ✓ **Every student is exposed to negative and positive group pressures in his /her school life.**
 - C. Young people should avoid all kinds of peer influence in order to build an independent life.
 - D. Peer pressure is often associated with influences that encourage individuals to adopt positive behaviors.

Answer: B

Peer influence is a normal part of social development, and students are regularly exposed to both positive and negative peer pressures during their school life.

69. The following statement is quoted from Wangari Maathai, an environmental activist: "the environment and the economy are two sides of the same coin. If we cannot sustain the environment, we cannot sustain ourselves." which of the following statement matches the above quotation? (1)

- A. We need to exploit the environment as much as we can to enhance our living standard.
- B. ✓ **We need to protect the environment and use it wisely in order to maintain our wellbeing.**
- C. We have to give priority to rapid economic development as God creates the world for human pleasure.
- D. We shall give priority to our survival and deal with environmental concerns thereafter.

Answer: B

Wangari Maathai's statement emphasizes sustainable development: economic well-being is inextricably linked to environmental conservation, requiring wise use and protection of natural resources.

70. What is the major purpose of attracting foreign direct investment in the context of Ethiopia? (1)

- A. Protecting the country from the negative effect of economic globalization.
- B. Allowing foreign direct investors to send most of their profit to their country.
- C. Providing foreign direct investors with access to the resources of the country.
- D. ✓ **Fostering technology transfer, increasing productivity and income of the country.**

Answer: D

The primary objective of attracting foreign direct investment (FDI) in developing countries like Ethiopia is to facilitate technology and knowledge transfer, create employment, and boost national productivity and income.

71. Countries that have achieved a high level of industrial development in the recent decades are called emerging economies. Which of the following are categorized in this group? (1)

- A. China and France
- B. ✓ **China and India**
- C. Japan and South Korea.
- D. Germany and Brazil

Answer: B

China and India are classical examples of major emerging economies, whereas France, Japan, South Korea, and Germany are long-established advanced industrialized economies.

72. At the main gate of Kebele 'X' in 'Y' national regional state of Ethiopia a big chart with details about the budget allocated for the kebele and the plan of various activities is posted for the public to see. This action of kebele 'X' implies which principle of FDRE constitution? (1)

- A. The sovereignty of people.
- B. The supremacy of constitution.
- C. The respect of human and democratic rights.
- D. ✓ **Conduct and accountability of government.**

Answer: D

Article 12 of the FDRE Constitution establishes the principle of conduct and accountability of government, stating that government activities and finances must be transparent to the public.

73. Dote, who is a member of socially discriminated group whose economic activities are pottery and tannery, although successfully completed a diploma in teaching, could not get employment in teaching profession in his woreda on the grounds that it is not culturally appropriate to assign a teacher from such a group. Based on the FDRE constitution, which of the following is correct about Dotes situation? (1)

- A. The dignity of noble professions such as teaching is respected.
- B. The special treatment need of social discriminated group is respected.
- C. Sustainability of culture and skills of socially discriminated groups is maintained.
- D. ✓ **The right to choose one's own means of livelihood, occupation and profession is violated.**

Answer: D

Article 41(2) of the FDRE Constitution guarantees every citizen the right to choose their means of livelihood, occupation, and profession without discrimination based on social group or origin.

74. Which one of the following is the best advice a responsible citizen can give regarding HIV/AIDS protection in Ethiopia? (1)

- A. Avoid sharing any fluid substance with a person who contracted HIV/AIDS in any form.
- B. Avoiding using donated blood in the health institutions in the case of any emergency.
- C. ✓ **Conduct a regular and periodic HIV/AIDS test even -if you are HIB/AIDS negative.**
- D. If you are HIV/AIDS patient avoid giving birth because the baby will contract the virus.

Answer: C

Regular and periodic testing allows individuals to know their HIV status and take appropriate measures, whereas the other options are based on misconceptions about transmission or treatment.

75. Which one of the following is correct about the Agriculture development led industrialization (ADLI) development strategy of Ethiopia? (1)

- A. It is a strategy that proposed a sequential development that starts with agriculture and proceeds to industry.
- B. It is a strategy that acknowledge impossibility of industrial development in the agrarian societies like Ethiopia.
- C. It is development strategy which is devised to work until Ethiopia become a lower middle income country in 2025.
- D. ✓ **It is a strategy that proposes a parallel development of industry with agriculture using capital generated from agricultural development.**

Answer: D

ADLI does not propose that industrialization wait until agriculture is completely finished; rather, it promotes the interdependent, parallel development of both sectors, with agriculture providing the initial inputs, capital, and market for industry.

76. Which one of the following is best practice to promote unity in diversity? (1)

- A. Considering that others way of life is good, right and superior to one's own.
- B. Economic development to the level of USA or China is a prerequisite to create a political space within which unity in diversity flourishes.
- C. Ethnocentric individual is a person who is less arrogant and more open - minded in relation to other societies and cultures.
- D. ✓ **Experiences of USA, China and India show that it is possible to achieve rapid economic development in Ethiopia despite multitude of diversities.**

Answer: D

The experiences of diverse nations like India and the USA demonstrate that maintaining unity while respecting diversity is fully compatible with, and conducive to, national progress and development.

77. Which one of the following best exemplify voluntary act?

(1)

- A. Employment in an NGO that support HIV/AIDS patients.
- B. A teacher serving as committee member in school environmental club.
- C. A soldier serving in Ethiopia peacekeeping force in Darfur, Sudan.
- D. ✓ **Teaching community elders literacy skill at weekends without pay.**

Answer: D

Voluntarism is characterized by offering one's time, skills, and energy willingly for the benefit of the community without expectation of financial remuneration, as exemplified by unpaid weekend literacy teaching.

— END OF MARKING KEY —

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